



Chinese Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

October 5 to October 11, 2026 (Week 41)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

Summary

- The positive rate of influenza virus testing increased slightly in southern provinces, while remained low level in northern provinces, with A(H3N2) dominated. There were 2 ILI outbreaks reported in this week.
- Among influenza viruses antigenically characterized by CNIC since March 30, 2026, 72(94.7%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Missouri/11/2025-like; 355(82.6%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/1454/2025(egg)-like, 387(90.0%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/1415/2025(cell)-like; 605(93.7%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Tokyo/EIS13-175/2025-like.
- Among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance analysis since March 30, 2026, all A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all but 1 A(H3N2) and 2 B/Victoria viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B/Victoria viruses were sensitive to influenza polymerase inhibitors.

Surveillance of outpatient or emergency visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI)

During week 41, the percentage of outpatient or emergency visits for ILI (ILI%) at national sentinel hospitals in southern provinces was 4.6%, lower than last week (4.7%), lower than the same week of 2023(4.8%), higher than the same week of 2024 and 2025 (3.3% and 4.1%). (Figure 1)

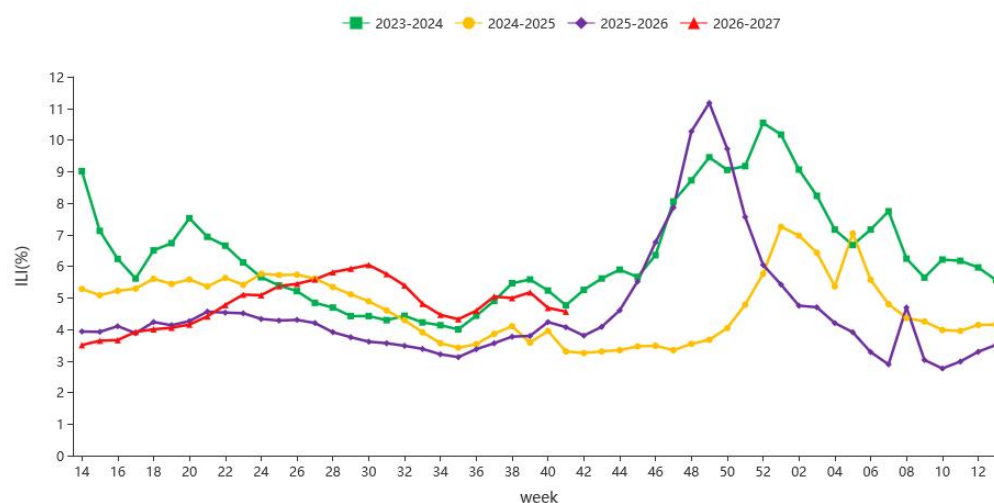


Figure 1. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Southern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

During week 41, ILI% at national sentinel hospitals in northern provinces was 3.0%, lower than last week (3.1%), the same as the same week of 2023(3.0%), lower than the same week of 2024 (3.2%), higher than the same week of 2025(2.9%).(Figure 2)

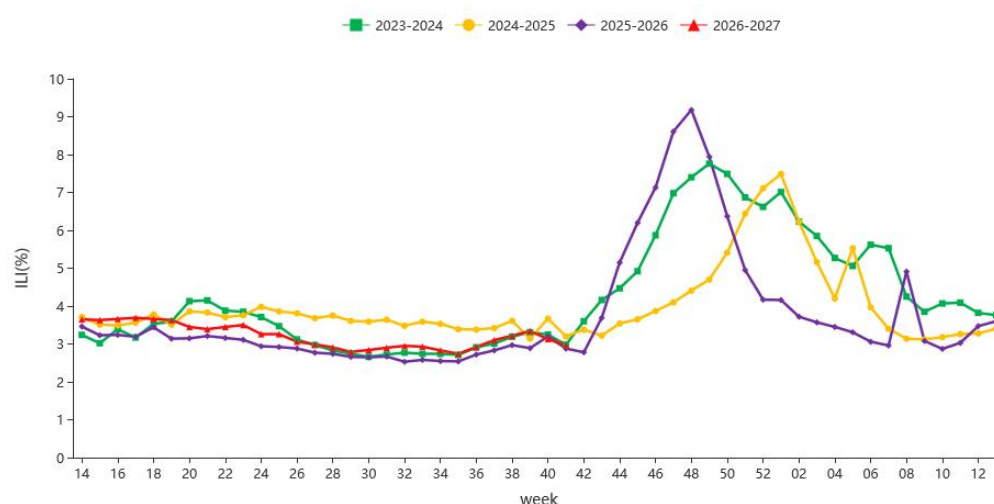


Figure 2. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Northern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.



Virologic Surveillance

During week in 41 of 2026, influenza network laboratories tested 19852 specimens, there were 2343 positive detections for influenza. The number and proportion of influenza types and subtypes detected in southern and northern provinces were shown in Table1.

Table 1. Laboratory Detections of ILI Specimens (Week 41, 2026)

	Week 41		
	Southern provinces	Northern provinces	Total
No. of specimens tested	10604	9248	19852
No. of positive specimens (%)	2054(19.4%)	289(3.1%)	2343(11.8%)
Influenza A	1377(67.0%)	213(73.7%)	1590(67.9%)
A(H1N1)pdm09	185(13.4%)	77(36.2%)	262(16.5%)
A(H3N2)	1192(86.6%)	136(63.8%)	1328(83.5%)
A (subtype not determined)	0	0	0
Influenza B	677(33.0%)	76(26.3%)	753(32.1%)
B (lineage not determined)	0	0	0
Victoria	677(100.0%)	76(100.0%)	753(100.0%)
Yamagata	0	0	0

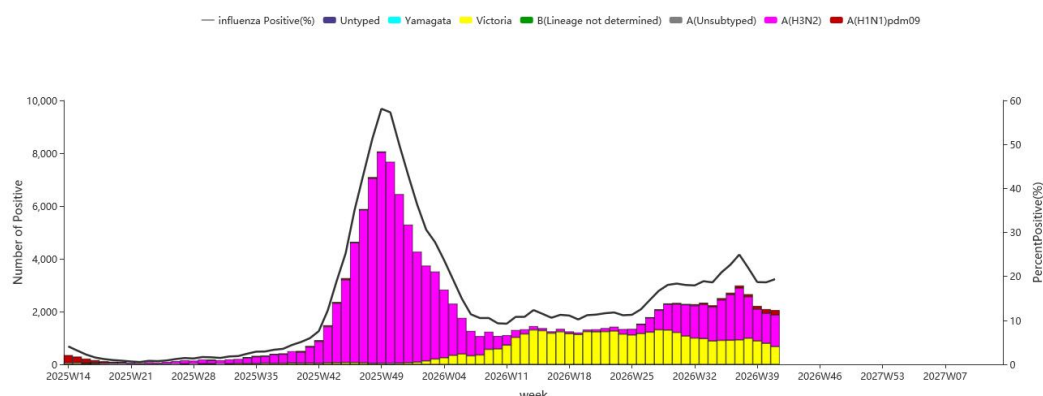


Figure 3. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Southern Network Laboratories

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the test results of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

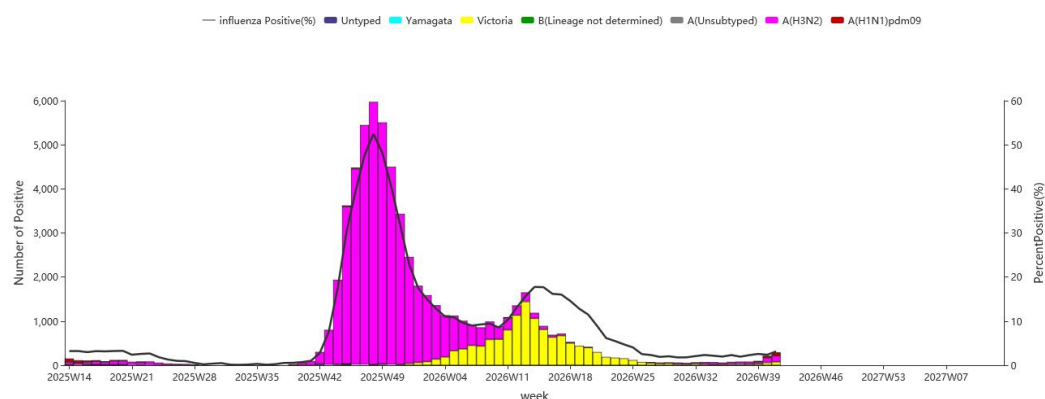


Figure 4. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Northern Network Laboratories

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the result of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

Antigenic Characterization

Since March 30, 2026, 72(94.7%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Missouri/11/2025-like; 355(82.6%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/1454/2025(egg)-like, 387(90.0%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/1415/2025(cell)-like; 605(93.7%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Tokyo/EIS13-175/2025-like.



Antiviral Resistance

Since March 30, 2026, among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance, all A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all but 1 A(H3N2) and 2 B/Victoria viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B/Victoria viruses were sensitive to influenza polymerase inhibitors.

Outbreak Surveillance

During week 41, there were 2 ILI outbreaks reported nationwide. Among them, 1 was A(H1N1)pdm09, 1 was mixed.