



## Chinese Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

September 22 to 28, 2025 (Week 39)

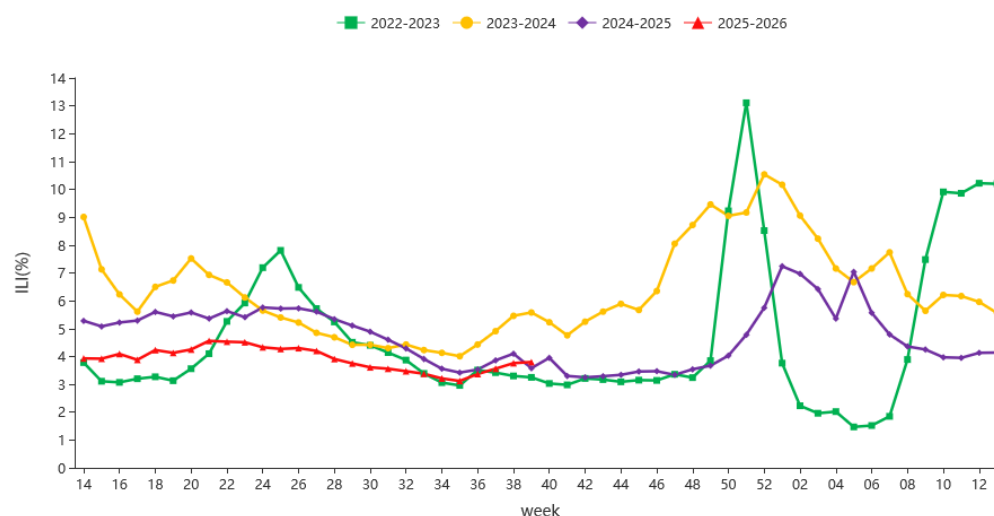
(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

### Summary

- Influenza activity in the southern and northern provinces was low, a few southern provinces increased slightly. There were 16 ILI outbreaks reported in this week.
- Among influenza viruses antigenically characterized by CNIC since March 31, 2025, 1026(98.4%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 143(64.1%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Croatia/10136RV/2023(egg)-like, 200(89.7%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/District of Columbia/27/2023(cell)-like; 215(98.2%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.
- Among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance analysis since March 31, 2025, all but 30 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

### Surveillance of outpatient or emergency visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI)

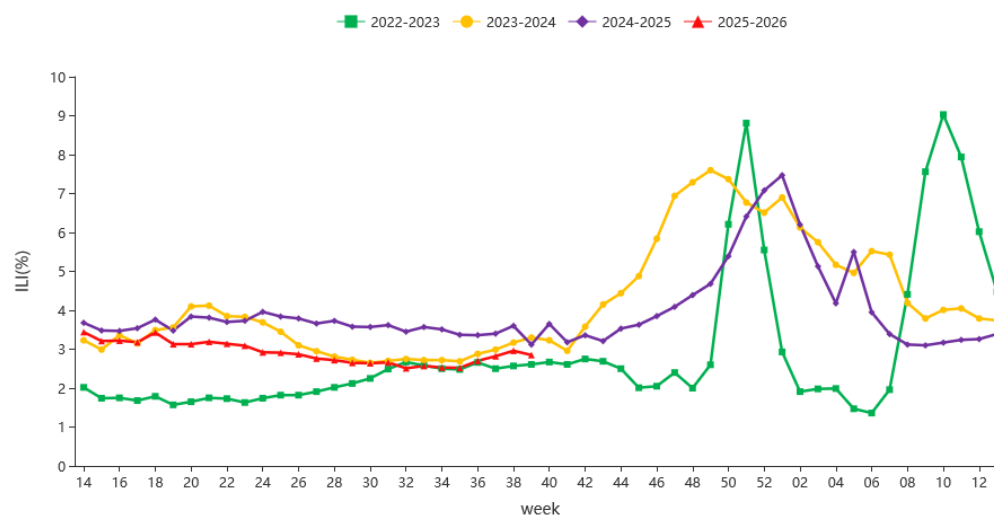
During week 39, the percentage of outpatient or emergency visits for ILI (ILI%) at national sentinel hospitals in southern provinces was 3.8%, the same as the last week (3.8%), higher than the same week of 2022 and 2024 (3.3% and 3.6%), lower than the same week of 2023(5.6%). (Figure 1)



**Figure 1. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Southern Provinces**

**Note:** Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

During week 39, ILI% at national sentinel hospitals in northern provinces was 2.9%, lower than the last week (3.0%), higher than the same week of 2022 (2.6%), lower than the same week of 2023 and 2024 (3.3% and 3.1%). (Figure 2)



**Figure 2. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Northern Provinces**

**Note:** Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

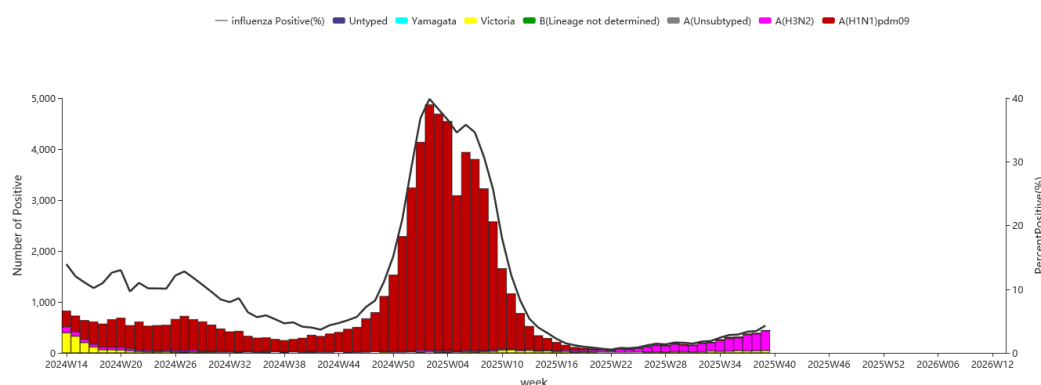


## Virologic Surveillance

During week 39 of 2025, influenza network laboratories tested 13893 specimens, there were 461 positive detections for influenza. The number and proportion of influenza types and subtypes detected in southern and northern provinces were shown in Table1.

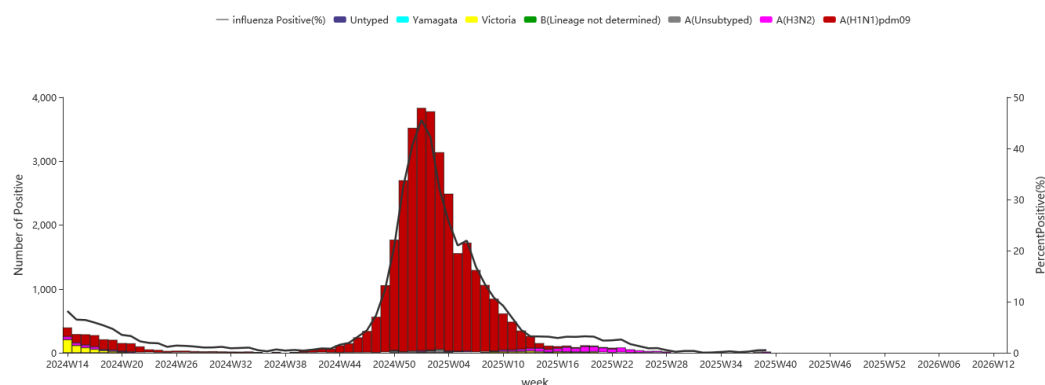
**Table 1. Laboratory Detections of ILI Specimens (Week 39, 2025)**

|                                      | Week 39            |                    |                   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | Southern provinces | Northern provinces | Total             |
| <b>No. of specimens tested</b>       | <b>10358</b>       | <b>3535</b>        | <b>13893</b>      |
| <b>No. of positive specimens (%)</b> | <b>443(4.3%)</b>   | <b>18(0.5%)</b>    | <b>461(3.3%)</b>  |
| <b>Influenza A</b>                   | <b>396(89.4%)</b>  | <b>18(100.0%)</b>  | <b>414(89.8%)</b> |
| A(H1N1)pdm09                         | 13(3.3%)           | 0                  | 13(3.1%)          |
| A(H3N2)                              | 383(96.7%)         | 18(100.0%)         | 401(96.9%)        |
| A (subtype not determined)           | 0                  | 0                  | 0                 |
| <b>Influenza B</b>                   | <b>47(10.6%)</b>   | <b>0</b>           | <b>47(10.2%)</b>  |
| B (lineage not determined)           | 0                  | 0                  | 0                 |
| Victoria                             | 47(100.0%)         | 0                  | 47(100.0%)        |
| Yamagata                             | 0                  | 0                  | 0                 |



**Figure 3. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Southern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2024–Week 13, 2026)**

**Note:** Analysis in this part was based on the test results of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.



**Figure 4. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Northern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2024–Week 13, 2026)**

**Note:** Analysis in this part was based on the result of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

## Antigenic Characterization

Since March 31, 2025, 1026(98.4%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 143(64.1%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Croatia/10136RV/2023(egg)-like, 200(89.7%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/District of Columbia/27/2023(cell)-like; 215(98.2%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.



## **Antiviral Resistance**

Since March 31, 2025, among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance, all but 30 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

## **Outbreak Surveillance**

During week 39, there were 16 ILI outbreaks reported nationwide. Among them, 12 were A(H3N2), 1 was A(subtype not determined), 3 were negative for flu.