

Chinese Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

June 24 to 30, 2024 (Week 26)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

Summary

- Influenza detections were increasing slightly in the southern provinces and northern provinces this week, A(H1N1)pdm09 was predominated, followed by A(H3N2) and B/Victoria. There were 4 ILI outbreaks reported in week 26.
- Among influenza viruses antigenically characterized by CNIC since April 1, 2024, 497(97.6%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 296(56.8%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Thailand/8/2022(egg)-like, 324(62.2%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Thailand/8/2022(cell)-like; 903(99.0%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.
- Among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance analysis since April 1, 2024, all but 4 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Surveillance of outpatient or emergency visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI)

During week 26, the percentage of outpatient or emergency visits for ILI (ILI%) at national sentinel hospitals in southern provinces was 5.1%, lower than the last week (5.2%), higher than the same week of 2021 and 2023(3.8% and 5.0%), lower than the same week of 2022(6.3%). (Figure 1)



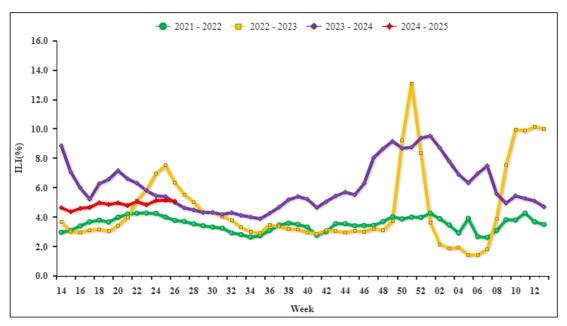


Figure 1. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Southern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

During week 26, ILI% at national sentinel hospitals in northern provinces was 3.8%, lower than the last week (3.9%), higher than the same week of 2021~2023(2.6%, 1.8% and 3.1%). (Figure 2)

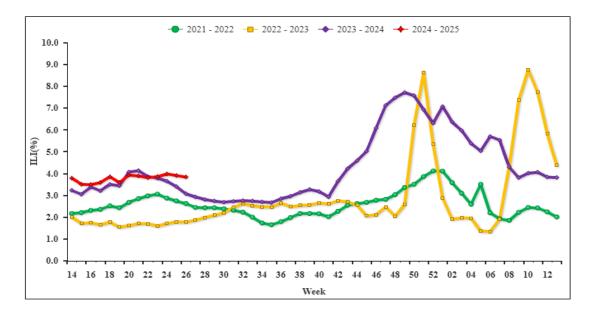


Figure 2. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Northern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national



influenza surveillance network.

Virologic Surveillance

During week 26, influenza network laboratories tested 7922 specimens, there were 593 positive detections for influenza. The number and proportion of influenza types and subtypes detected in southern and northern provinces were shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Laboratory Detections of ILI Specimens (Week 26, 2024)

	Week 26		
	Southern provinces	Northern provinces	Total
No. of specimens tested	5788	2134	7922
No. of positive specimens (%)	566(9.8%)	27(1.3%)	593(7.5%)
Influenza A	552(97.5%)	26(96.3%)	578(97.5%)
A(H1N1)pdm09	521(94.4%)	23(88.5%)	544(94.1%)
A(H3N2)	31(5.6%)	3(11.5%)	34(5.9%)
A (subtype not determined)	0	0	0
Influenza B	14(2.5%)	1(3.7%)	15(2.5%)
B (lineage not determined)	0	0	0
Victoria	14(100%)	1(100%)	15(100%)
Yamagata	0	0	0



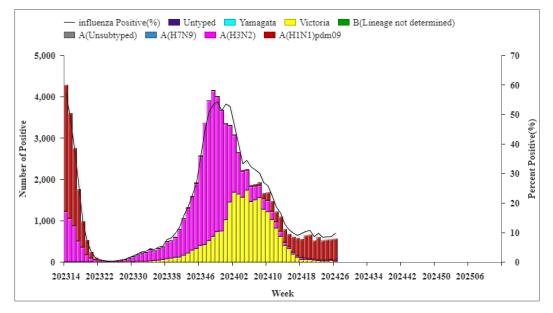


Figure 3. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Southern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2023–Week 13, 2025)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the test results of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

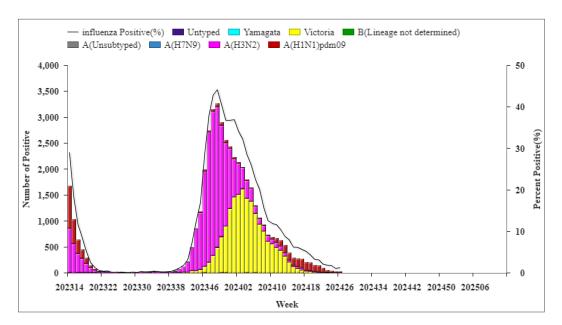


Figure 4. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Northern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2023–Week 13, 2025)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the result of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

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Since April 1, 2024, 497(97.6%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were

characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 296(56.8%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses

were characterized as A/Thailand/8/2022(egg)-like, 324(62.2%) influenza A(H3N2)

viruses were characterized as A/Thailand/8/2022(cell)-like; 903(99.0%) influenza

B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.

Antiviral Resistance

Since April 1, 2024, among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral

resistance, all but 4 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase

inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all

A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Outbreak Surveillance

During week 26, there were 4 ILI outbreaks reported nationwide. Among them, 3

were A(H1N1)pdm09, 1 was negative for flu.

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