

Chinese Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

April 1 to April 7, 2024 (Week 14)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

Summary

- Influenza detections were decreasing in the southern provinces and northern provinces in this week, B/Victoria were predominated, followed by A(H1N1)pdm09 and A(H3N2). There were 5 ILI outbreaks reported in week 14.
- Among influenza viruses antigenically characterized by CNIC since October 2, 2023, 68(95.8%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 758(34.8%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/9/2021(egg)-like, 745(34.2%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/6/2021(cell)-like;1785(99.0%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.
- Among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance analysis since October 2, 2023, all but 1 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Surveillance of outpatient or emergency visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI)

During week 14, the percentage of outpatient or emergency visits for ILI (ILI%) at national sentinel hospitals in southern provinces was 4.7%, the same as the last week (4.7%), higher than the same week of $2021 \sim 2022(3.0\%)$ and 3.7%, lower than the same week of 2023(8.9%). (Figure 1)



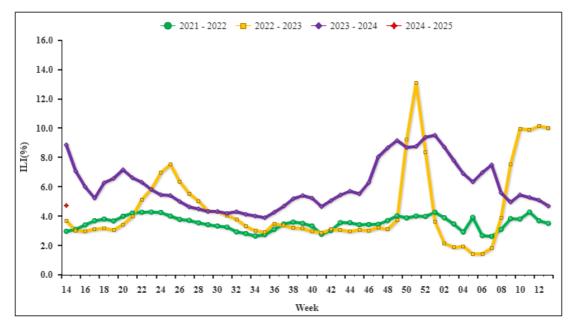


Figure 1. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Southern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

During week 14, ILI% at national sentinel hospitals in northern provinces was 3.8%, the same as the last week (3.8%), higher than the same week of 2021~2023(2.2%, 2.0%and 3.2%). (Figure 2)

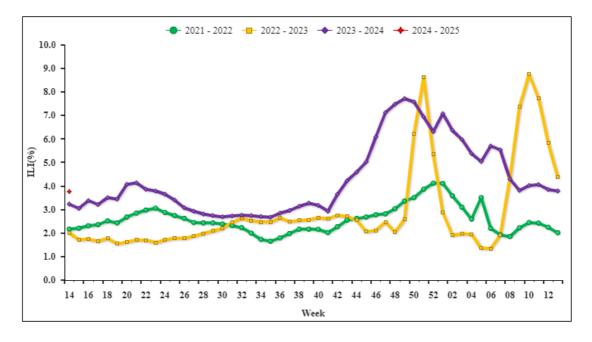


Figure 2. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Northern Provinces



Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

Virologic Surveillance

During week 14, influenza network laboratories tested 9519 specimens, there were 1016 positive detections for influenza. The number and proportion of influenza types and subtypes detected in southern and northern provinces were shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Laboratory Detections of ILI Specimens (Week 14, 2024)

	Week 14		
	Southern provinces	Northern provinces	Total
No. of specimens tested	5177	4342	9519
No. of positive specimens (%)	688(13.3%)	328(7.6%)	1016(10.7%)
Influenza A	357(51.9%)	150(45.7%)	507(49.9%)
A(H3N2)	87(24.4%)	37(24.7%)	124(24.5%)
A(H1N1)pdm09	270(75.6%)	113(75.3%)	383(75.5%)
A (subtype not determined)	0	0	0
Influenza B	331(48.1%)	178(54.3%)	509(50.1%)
B (lineage not determined)	0	0	0
Victoria	331(100%)	178(100%)	509(100%)
Yamagata	0	0	0



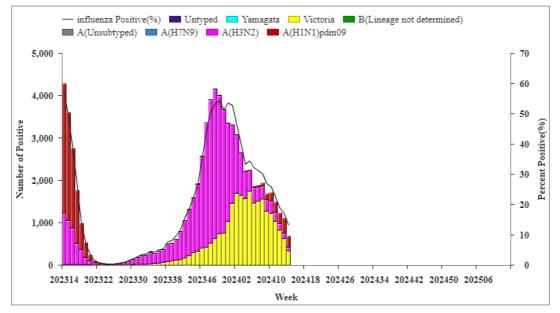


Figure 3. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Southern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2023–Week 13, 2025)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the test results of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

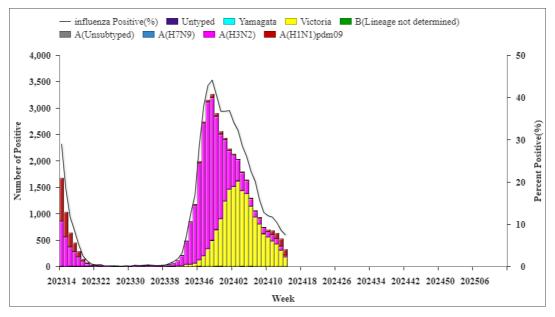


Figure 4. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Northern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2023–Week 13, 2025)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the result of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

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Antigenic Characterization

Since October 2, 2023, 68(95.8%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 758(34.8%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/9/2021(egg)-like,745(34.2%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/6/2021(cell)-like; 1785(99.0%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.

Antiviral Resistance

Since October 2, 2023, among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance, all but 1 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Outbreak Surveillance

During week 14, there were 5 ILI outbreaks reported nationwide. Among them, 3 were A(H1N1)pdm09, 1 was negative for flu, 1 had not obtained the testing results.