

Chinese Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

February 12 to 18, 2024 (Week 7)

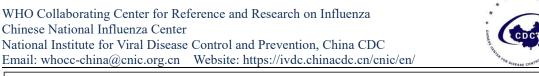
(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

Summary

- Influenza detections were decreasing in the southern provinces and northern provinces in this week, B/Victoria were predominated. There was no ILI outbreak reported in week 7.
- Among influenza viruses antigenically characterized by CNIC since April 3, 2023, 1875(97.3%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 1009(42.2%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/9/2021(egg)-like, 911(38.1%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/6/2021(cell)-like; 761(98.4%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.
- Among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance analysis since April 3, 2023, all but 4 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Surveillance of outpatient or emergency visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI)

During week 7, the percentage of outpatient or emergency visits for ILI (ILI%) at national sentinel hospitals in southern provinces was 7.6%, higher than the last week (7.0%), higher than the same week of $2021 \sim 2023(2.7\%, 2.6\%$ and 1.8%). (Figure 1)



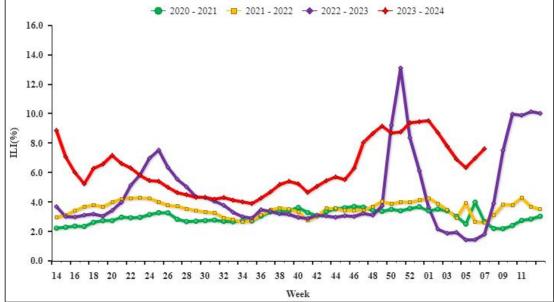


Figure 1. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Southern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

During week 7, ILI% at national sentinel hospitals in northern provinces was

5.7%, the same as the last week (5.7%), higher than the same week of 2021~2023(2.0%, 1.9% and 1.9%). (Figure 2)

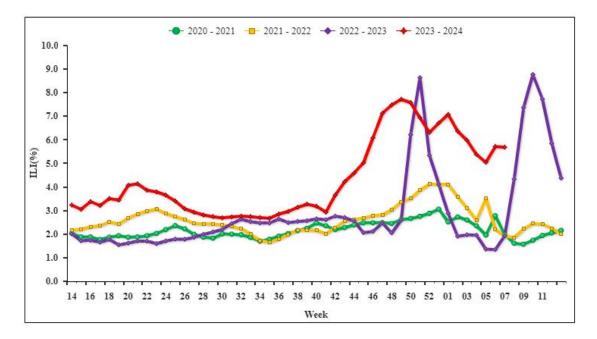


Figure 2. Percentage of Visits for ILI at Sentinel Hospitals in Northern Provinces

Note: Analysis in this part was based on data from sentinel hospitals belong to national influenza surveillance network.

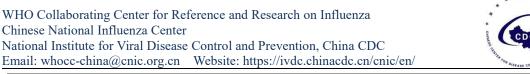


Virologic Surveillance

During week 7, influenza network laboratories tested 8716 specimens, there were 2268 positive detections for influenza. The number and proportion of influenza types and subtypes detected in southern and northern provinces were shown in Table1.

	Week 7					
	Southern provinces	Northern provinces	Total			
No. of specimens tested	4383	4333	8716			
No. of positive specimens (%)	1384(31.6%)	884(20.4%)	2268(26.0%)			
Influenza A	293(21.2%)	121(13.7%)	414(18.3%)			
A(H3N2)	265(90.4%)	106(87.6%)	371(89.6%)			
A(H1N1)pdm09	28(9.6%)	15(12.4%)	43(10.4%)			
A (subtype not determined)	0	0	0			
Influenza B	1091(78.8%)	763(86.3%)	1854(81.7%)			
B (lineage not determined)	0	0	0			
Victoria	1091(100%)	763(100%)	1854(100%)			
Yamagata	0	0	0			

Table 1 Laboratory Detections of ILI Specimens (Week 7, 2024)	Table 1 Labora	atory Detections	s of ILI Spec	cimens (Week	(7, 2024)
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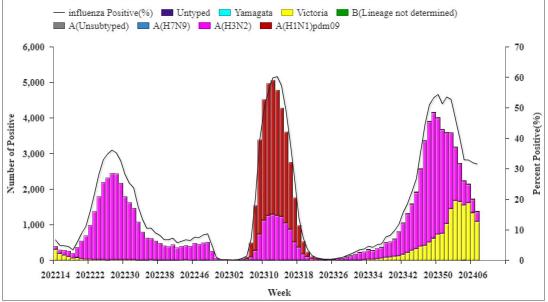


Figure 3. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Southern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2022–Week 13, 2024)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the test results of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.

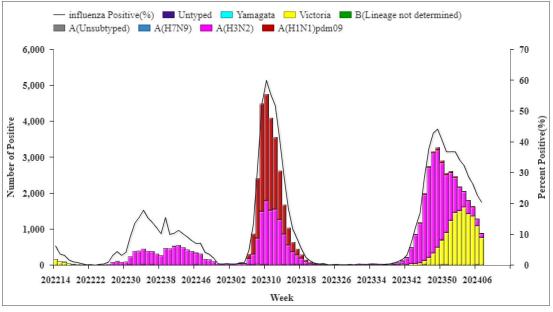


Figure 4. Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Northern Network Laboratories (Week 14, 2022–Week 13, 2024)

Note: Analysis in this part was based on the result of network laboratories. If it were not consistent with the results of CNIC confirmation, the results of CNIC confirmation were used.



Antigenic Characterization

Since April 3, 2023, 1875(97.3%) influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were characterized as A/Victoria/4897/2022-like; 1009(42.2%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/9/2021(egg)-like, 911(38.1%) influenza A(H3N2) viruses were characterized as A/Darwin/6/2021(cell)-like; 761(98.4%) influenza B/Victoria viruses were characterized as B/Austria/1359417/2021-like.

Antiviral Resistance

Since April 3, 2023, among the influenza viruses tested by CNIC for antiviral resistance, all but 4 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors, all A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors; all A(H1N1)pdm09, A(H3N2) and B viruses were sensitive to endonuclease inhibitors.

Outbreak Surveillance

During week 7, there was no ILI outbreak reported nationwide.